

# WHERE DO FILIPINOS MIGRATE?

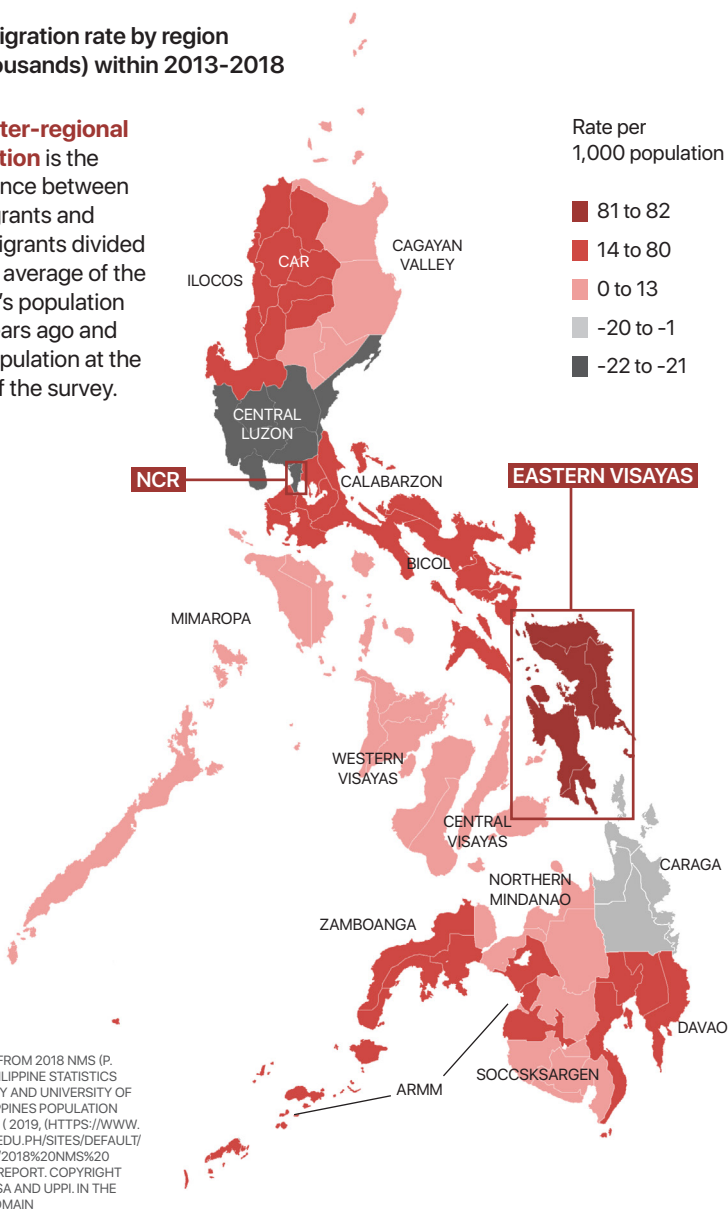
NCR remains the most preferred destination region of migrants in the country (UPPI 2020, 1). Despite this, NCR, along with Central Luzon and CARAGA, has actually lost population in favor of other regions due to migration within the period 2013-2018. Eastern Visayas posted the highest net in-migration rate, followed by Davao Region (UPPI 2020, 3).

## Net migration rate by region (in thousands) within 2013-2018

**Net inter-regional migration** is the difference between in-migrants and out-migrants divided by the average of the region's population five years ago and the population at the time of the survey.

Rate per 1,000 population

- 81 to 82
- 14 to 80
- 0 to 13
- 20 to -1
- 22 to -21



ADAPTED FROM 2018 NMS (P. 49), BY PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY AND UNIVERSITY OF THE PHILIPPINES POPULATION INSTITUTE (2019), ([HTTPS://WWW.UPPI.UPD.EDU.PH/SITES/DEFAULT/FILES/PDF/2018%20NMS%20FINAL%20REPORT](https://www.uppi.upd.edu.ph/sites/default/files/pdf/2018%20NMS%20FINAL%20REPORT)). COPYRIGHT 2019 BY PSA AND UPPI. IN THE PUBLIC DOMAIN

# WHO ARE THE INTERNAL MIGRANTS?

These are the background characteristics of respondents in the 2018 NMS age 15 and over who migrated within the period 2013-2018 (PSA and UPPI 2019).

## Sex

**52%** are male

**48%** are female

